

S/141/59/002/05/010/026

E310/E582

Experimental Investigation of the Travelling-wave Amplifier Having
a Trochoidal Electron Beam with the "Bleeding" of the Accelerated
Electrons

There are 7 figures and 4 references, 2 of which are
Swiss and 2 Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy radiofizicheskiy institut
pri Gor'kovskom universitete (Scientific Research
Institute of Radio Physics of Gor'kiy University) *H*

SUBMITTED: July 6, 1959

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21176

S/141/6C/0C3/C66/015/025
E192/E362

9.13.00 (4150 1130)

AUTHORS: Antakov, I.I., Bokov, V.M., Vasil'yev, R.V. and
Gaponov, A.V.TITLE: Interaction Between a Trochoidal Electron Beam
and Electromagnetic Waves in a Rectangular WaveguidePERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy,
Radiofizika, 1960, Vol. 3, No. 6, pp. 1033-1044TEXT: A detailed analysis of the interaction between a
trochoidal electron beam and electromagnetic waves in a
rectangular waveguide with three ideally conducting walls and
"one" impedance wall is presented. A sufficiently weak
electron beam interacts effectively with one of the normal
waves in a transmission line or waveguide only under the
condition that $h_o(l + \epsilon) = h_e + mh_H$ or:

$$\omega = \frac{mh_H}{(1 + \epsilon)v_{||}/v_{\phi} - 1} \quad (1)$$

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where $m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots | \epsilon | \ll 1$ and $h_0 = \omega/v_{\parallel}^{(0)}$ is the propagation constant of the corresponding normal wave in a "cold" waveguide; $v_{\parallel} = E_0/B_0$ is the drift velocity of the electrons moving along a trochoid and having an oscillation amplitude a in crossed fields E_0 and B_0 ; $h_e = \omega/v_{\parallel}$, $h_H = \omega_H/v_{\parallel}$, $\omega_H = (e/m)B_0 = \eta B_0$ which is the gyromagnetic frequency. If the condition of synchronism given by Eq. (1) is fulfilled, the scattering equation for the correction of the order $\delta = (h - h_0)/h_0$ for the propagation constant of the electromagnetic wave in the waveguide for comparatively weak signals (without taking into account the space charge) is in the form (Refs. 2, 5):

$$E_y = h_n \cos(\pi_n x) \operatorname{ch}(\gamma y); H_x = -\frac{k^2 - \pi_n^2}{kZ_0} \cos(\pi_n x) \operatorname{ch}(\gamma y); \quad (3) \quad (3)$$

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$$H_z = -i \frac{h_n \pi_n}{kZ_0} \sin(\pi_n x) \operatorname{ch}(\gamma y).$$

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Interaction Between

where I_0 is the beam current,

$U_0 = v_{||}^2/2\eta$ is the voltage corresponding to the drift velocity,

$\beta_{\perp} = v_{\perp}/c$ (where c is the velocity of light,
 v_{\perp} is the transverse electron velocity),

G_{xp} , G_{yp} , G_{zp} are the Fourier coefficients of the high-frequency Lorenz force acting on an electron moving along a stationary trajectory in the field of a non-perturbed normal wave,

N is the normalising coefficient of this wave.
Eq. (2) is used to analyse the interaction between the $H_{||}$ -wave in a smooth-walled rectangular wave with the

electron beam and its interaction with a non-symmetrical wave in a comb-type (periodic) waveguide. The interaction between the electron beam and a symmetrical wave in a comb-type strip waveguide is also investigated; the following special cases in

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the above type of interaction are considered: a magnetron amplifier with a trochoidal beam; interaction with a fast electromagnetic wave and interaction with a slow electromagnetic wave. The problem was also investigated experimentally on two specially constructed models, provided with comb-type delay systems. Such a system is illustrated in Fig. 4; this consists of: 1 - a comb-type anode; 2 - cathode; 3 - focusing electrode; 4 - electron beam and 5 - a cathode plate. Both models were designed for the 3-cm operating range. The results of the experiments are in good agreement with the calculated data and indicate that for the electrons rotating in a constant magnetic field both mechanisms of interaction of the type "O", i.e. the self-phasing and the spatial de-bunching, are equally effective and can be employed in microwave amplifiers and oscillators. There are 6 figures and 11 references: 10 Soviet and 1 non-Soviet.

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Interaction Between

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E192/E382

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy radiofizicheskiy
institut pri Gor'kovskom universitete
(Scientific Research Radiophysics Institute
of Gor'kiy University)

SUBMITTED: July 13, 1960

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E192/E382

Fig. 4:

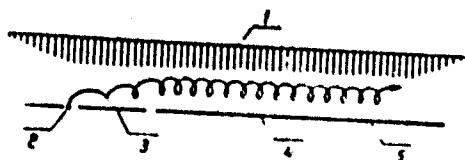


Рис. 4. Модель усилителя с гребенчатой анодной
заземлением:
1 - гребенчатый анод, 2 - катод, 3 - фокусирующий электрод;
4 - электронный луч, 5 - катодная пластина.

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L 5460-66 EWT(1)/EPA(w)-2/EWA(m)-2/24A(h) IJI(c) AT
 ACC NR: AP5026710 SOURCE CODE: UR/0141/65/008/005/0948/0954

AUTHOR: Antakov, I. I.; Klimov, V. O.; Lin'kov, R. V.

ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Radio Physics at Gor'ky University (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy radiofizicheskiy institut pri Gor'kovskom universitete)

TITLE: Application of a pulsed magnetic field in devices with a trochoidal electron beam

SOURCE: IVUZ. Radiofizika, v. 8, no. 5, 1965, 948-954

TOPIC TAGS: oscillation, millimeter wave generator, traveling wave, magnetic field

ABSTRACT: An experimental apparatus is described in which 8-mm oscillations were excited in a modified TWT by crossing a large pulsed magnetic field with a trochoidal electron beam. Part of the configuration, showing the comb delay anode and cathode, is shown in the figure. For an 8-mm wavelength, this structure gave a delay factor

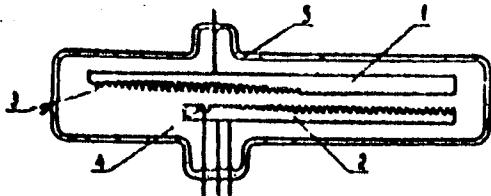


Fig. 1. Millimeter-wave oscillator

1 - Copper anode; 2, 3 - copper comb delays;
 4 - tantalum cathode; 5 - tube envelope.

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UDC: 621.385.6

L 5460-66

ACC NR: AP5026710

of 1.2-1.4. To obtain a desired oscillation in this type of device demands a very uniform magnetic field in the working volume between electrodes; in this case it was necessary to design complex coaxial coils to provide a field uniform within 0.1% throughout a volume of 0.3 x 0.5 x 3 cm. The tube cathode was also placed in a weaker field, approximately 15% of the pulsed field. A pulsed field (12-15 koe) was obtained by discharging capacitor banks into the coils at currents up to 2000 amp. Pulse width was 1.5 usec; the repetition period was about 15 sec. An 8-kv, 150-usec voltage pulse was simultaneously applied to the tube anode; variation of its synchronization with the magnetic field gave a limited degree of oscillation tuning control. Peak oscillatory outputs of 30 w were recorded at $\lambda = 8-8.3$ mm. Theoretically, CW oscillation is also producible in this way; however, in view of the huge currents involved, this would require either complex cooling of the coils or else achievement of a superconducting state. Another limiting factor is the distortion in the gap from stray fields caused by eddy currents in the electrodes. A theoretical analysis of this effect is given. Since this experiment was only a feasibility study, no attempt was made to determine the limits of generated power, frequency, or efficiency that might be attained. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 3 formulas. [FSB: v.1, no.12]

SUB CODE: EC/ SUBM DATE: 01Apr65/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 007

Card 212 /kq

ACCESSION NR: AP4038630

S/0109/64/009/004/0752/0754

AUTHOR: Antakov, I. I.

TITLE: Electromagnetic waves in a comb-type waveguide filled with a heterogeneous medium

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 9, no. 4, 1964, 752-754

TOPIC TAGS: waveguide, comb type waveguide, electromagnetic wave

ABSTRACT: So far, wave propagation in a comb-type waveguide has been investigated on the assumption that the guide is filled with a homogeneous medium. In this article, the wave propagation is investigated for the case when the medium between the corrugations and the medium above and below the corrugations have different dielectric constants and magnetic permeabilities. An approximate dispersion equation is set up for determining the propagation constant; in this equation, the effect of the corrugations is allowed for by the introduction of an equivalent impedance surface. The theory was verified by

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ACC NR: AP7004911

SOURCE CODE: UR/0109/66/011/012/2254/2257

AUTHOR: Antakov, I. I.; Gaponov, A. V.; Malygin, O. V.; Flyagin, V. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: The use of induced cyclotron emission of electrons for generating and amplification of electromagnetic oscillations

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 11, no. 12, 1966, 2254-2257

TOPIC TAGS: maser, maser theory, cyclotron frequency, cyclotron resonance, electron beam, electromagnetic wave

ABSTRACT:

The design characteristics and the results of an experimental investigation of devices termed cyclotron resonance masers because of induced cyclotron emission are discussed. The cyclotron emission is caused by the interaction of a trochoidal electron beam with a traveling electromagnetic wave (either direct or backward with respect to the electron beam) at a frequency corresponding to the normal Doppler effect, i.e., at $\omega = \omega_n (1 + (v_0/v_{ph}))^{-1}$, where v_0 is the mean electron velocity, and v_{ph} is the phase velocity of waves in the direction of the mean electron velocity. A schematic drawing of an M-type cyclotron resonance maser (with crossed E and H fields), designed to operate in the 8-mm waveband, is shown in Fig. 1. The interaction space in this maser is formed by the anode (3) and the cathode plate (2) both of which act as conductors in a plane

Cord 1/3

UDC: 621.373

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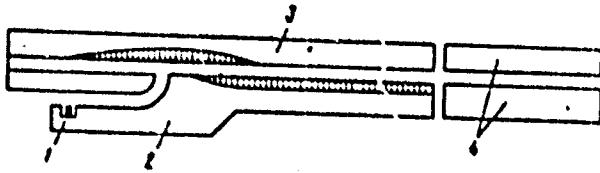


Fig. 1. Schematic drawing
of the cyclotron resonance
maser

1 - Cathode; 2 - cathode
plate; 3 - anode; 4 - collector.

comb-shaped two-wire line. Dimensions of the comb-shaped line are chosen so as to assure the propagation, in the operating frequency range, of a symmetrical E wave with $v_{ph} \approx 0.8 c$, where c is the speed of light in vacuum.

The basic characteristics of the backward wave maser (oscillator) are shown in Figs. 2 and 3. The oscillation frequency of the maser is proportional to the magnetic field strength and approaches the cyclotron frequency of electrons. A change in output power in the tuning range is determined chiefly by a change in the stored rotating energy of the beam electrons. The highest efficiency of the backward wave maser was fixed at 10% ($P_{out} = 800 \text{ w}$ at $I_0 = 0.6 \text{ amp}$, and $U_{anode} = 14 \text{ kv}$) without regeneration. The direct wave maser (amplifier), according to preliminary experiments, had an efficiency of about 25% for an output power of 750 w and a gain of 10 db. The amplifier band width, as determined by the width of the cyclotron resonance line, was about 300 Mc., Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 formula.

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[JR]

ACC NR: AP7004911

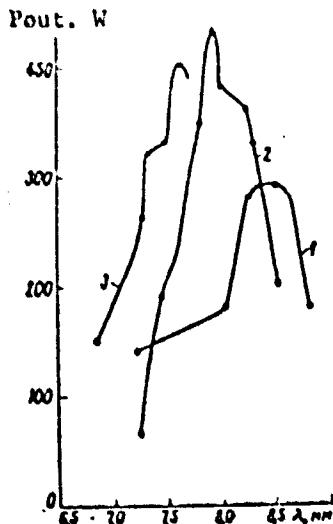


Fig. 2. Dependence of the maser generated power on wavelength at $I_0 = 0.4$ amp

1 - $U_{\text{anode}} = 10$ kv; 2 - $U_{\text{anode}} = 11$ kv, 3 - $U_{\text{anode}} = 12$ kv.

SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 27Jan66/ ORIG REF: 008/
OTH REF: 002/ ATD PRESS: 5115

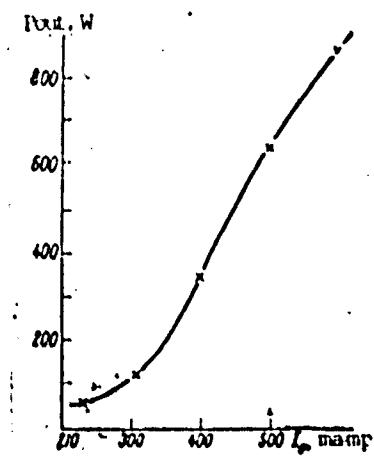


Fig. 3. Dependence of the generated power on the beam current at $U_{\text{anode}} = 14$ kv and $\lambda = 7.9$ mm

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S/194/61/000/008/022/092
D201/D304

AUTHORS: Kontorovich, A.E. and Antal'ov, R.M.

TITLE: Applying the pouring-aerating method in semi-quantitative spectral analysis

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika, no. 8, 1961, 18, abstract 8 V148 (Tr. Sibirs. n.-i. in-ta geol., geofiz. i mineral'n. syr'ya, 1960, no. 10, 60-62)

TEXT: The spectral laboratory of the SNIIGGIMS uses a device for uniform feeding of powders into the discharge region, independently of the powder looseness. A sample weighing 300 : 500 mg is uniformly poured from a tipping measure into a vibrating hopper and from it into the discharge zone. The vibration of the measure and hopper is sustained by an electromagnet. The screw-cylinder tipping the measure is rotated by a СД-2 (SD-2) motor. Such a design makes it possible to use the SD-2 motor as a time relay and to ✓

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D201/D304

Applying the pouring-aerating...

mechanize part of the operations. An arrangement is included permitting the simultaneous starting of the discharge arc and of pouring. The electrical circuit diagram is given and its operation described in detail. 2 figures. 4 references. [Abstracter's note:
Complete translation] ✓

Card 2/2

KONTOROVICH, A.E.; MININA, L.D.; ANTAKOV, R.M.

Use of the method of subjecting samples to the electric discharge
of air jets in quantitative spectrum analysis. Trudy SNIIGGIMS
no.14:142-148 '61. (MIRA 15:8)

(Rocks--Spectra)

ANTAL, Albert; MAROPKA, Ferenc

~~Operated case of malignant retroperitoneal myoma. Magy. noorv. lap
20 no.6:362-364 Dec 57.~~

1. A szegedi megyei jogu korhas szükszereti es nogyognaszati osztalyanak
kozleménye foorvos: Bodis Lajos.

(LEIOMYOMA, surg.

retroperitoneal space, malignant (Hun))

(LEIOMYOMA, malignant, surg. (Hun))

ANTAL
SULIMEN, M.; ANTAL, A.

Studying an apparatus with a screen plate to be used for bacteriological
examinations of the air. Oig. i san. 23 no.2:89 r '58. (MIRA 11:4)
(AIR--BACTERIOLOGY)

VERESS, Elemer, dr.; ANTAL, Albert, dr.

Our case of disgerminoma. Magy. noorv. lap. 24 no.6:379-381 N '61.

1. A Szeged m. j. Varosi Tanacs Korhaza (igazgato: Nagy Lasslo dr.)
szulezettsi es nogyogyasszati osztalyanak (foorvos: Bodis Lajos dr.)
kozlemenye.

(DISGERMINOMA case reports)

RUMANIA

ANTAL, A., Dr.

Institute of Hygiene and Public Health,
Cluj (Institutul de igiena si sanatate
publica, Cluj)

Bucharest, Vitata Medicala, No 16, 1963,
pp 1137-1146

"Some Aspects of the State of Health of
the Adolescent in School Communities."

(1)

ANTAL, Albert, dr.; BODIS, Lajos, dr.

A rare case of embryonic mesenchymoma. Magy. onkol. 7 no.3:
164-168 §'63.

1. Szegedi Varosi Tanacs Korhaza, Szuleszeti es Nogyogyaszati
Osztaly.
(INFANT, PREMATURE, DISEASES) (MESENCHYMOA)
(PATHOLOGY)

SOPRIS, Lajos, dr.; ANTAL, Albert, dr.

Treatment of cystic and suppurative diseases of Bartholin's gland by marsupialization. Orv.Mell.105 no.22;1029-1031
Mly 31 '64.

1. Szegedi m.j. Városi Tanacea Kórház, Szülészeti és Négygyógyászati Osztály.

BODIS, Lajos, dr.; ANIAL, Albert, dr.; HETVIFI, Pal, dr.

Our experiences with Abothyl in the treatment of cervical erosion.
Orv. hetil. 105 no.32:1512-1513 9 Aug '64.

1. Szegedi mj. Varosi Tanacs Korhaza, Szuleszeti os
Nagygyógyászati Osztály.

VITAL, A., may 1940, Dr., OB/GYN, Dr.; 1940-1943, Dr.

Contribution to the study of role of adaptation disorders in
the initiation of health conditions. *Pediatrics* (Dover) 14 no. 1
v. 72, Jan-Feb.

1. Increase effectiveness in institution de alienos via scientific publication,
Mu.

SZEKELY, I.; ANTAL, A.

Mechanism for transforming the movement of continuous rotation
into discontinuous rotation. Bul stiint polit Cluj no.5:
435-442 '62.

ANAI, Andrei

Research on the physical development of preschool and school-age children in some geotrophic areas of Transylvania. Stud. cercet. endocrt. 15 no.5:459-464 '64.

ANTAL, Aniko

Serial production of thermoduric silicon rubber insulated cables.
Musz elet 18 no.20:7 26 S '63.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/05/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000101710016-4

ANTAL, Dezsö

Heating cables. Musz elet 19 no. 5:11 27 F '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/05/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000101710016-4"

ANTAL, Elemer, dr.; SOMFALVI, Bela, dr.; BIRO, Ferenc, dr.; HORVATH, Andor, dr.

On the etiology of congenital crus varum. Orv.hetil. 102 no.30:
1410-1411 23 Jl '61.

1. Komloj Varosi Tanacs Korhaz es Nemibeteggondoso Intezet.

LEG abnorm) (SYPHILIS CONGENITAL compl)

ANTAL, Elemer, dr.; DANOS, Laszlo, dr.

Possibilities of preventive vaccination against silicosis. (Preliminary report). Orv. hortil. 105 no. 51210 2F '64.

1. A Komlo Szénbányászati Troszt Szilikozis Kutatospontja.

10.6-179

SS1.511.03:SS1.576.2 ..

Antal, Emánuel, A fázsmelagodás mérőkének összefüggése a felhőzettel. [Relation between warming and cloudiness.] *Izákárd*, Budapest, 61(3):165-172, May/June 1957. fig., 4 tables, 4 refs. Résumé. Russian summary p. 163; English version p. 225-230. DLC—Relations between warming and cloudiness on near advection-free days are investigated. By means of deviations in the values of warming, it is found that in some cases cloudiness is not an adequate indicator of warming even in the absence of advection. A statistical analysis shows that the relation between warming and cloudiness can be approximated with sufficient accuracy with a third order equation. Observed and calculated values of warming as a function of cloudiness are compared. *Subject Headings:* 1. Warming-cloudiness relationships 2. Advection free days 3. Nonadvection temperature change.—*Trans. of author's abstract (G.T.)*.

CR

ANTAL, E.

Evapotranspiration of natural surfaces in the area of Lake Balaton. P. 82.

IEQUARAS. (Meteorologial Intezet es Magyar Meteorologial Taraszag)
Budapest, Hungary. Vol. 63, No. 2, Mar./Apr. 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAI) LC, Vol. 5, no. 1, Jan.
1960 Uncl.

ANTAL, Emanuel

"Formation of the sea temperature" by V.S.Samoilenko. Reviewed
by Emanuel Antal. Idojaras 65 no. 6:373 D '61.

ANTAL, Emanuel

Evaporation from the water surface. Idojaras 66 no.3:161-163
My-Je '62.

ANTAL, Emanuel

"Handbook on Lake research" by B.D. Zaykov. Reviewed by
Emanuel Antal. Idojaras 66 no.3:189 My-Je '62.

ANTAL, Emmanuel

Evaporation from the water surface. Idojaras 66 no.3:161-163
My-Je '62.

ANTAL, Emanuel

Evapotranspiration estimates. Orsz meteor int besz tud kut
25:131-153 '61 (publ.'62).

ANTAL, Emanuel

Methods for the estimation of the evaporation losses of
Balaton. Orsz meteor int besz tud kut 25:154-160 '61 (publ.'62).

ANTAL, Emanuel

"Underground water map of the Alföld" by Andras Ronai. Reviewed
by Emanuel Antal. Idojáras 66 no. 4:250 J1-Aug '62.

ANTAL, Emanuel; ENDRODI, Gabriella; KISSNE TOTH, Erzsebet

Tasks and methods for field studies in climatology. Idojaras 66
no. 51280-283 S-0 '62.

ANTAL, Emanuel

"The climate of the Ukraine" by K.E. Buchinskiy. Reviewed by
Emanuel Antal. Idojaras 66 no.4:251 Jl-Ag '62.

ANTAL,Emmanuel

Evaporation of the Lake Balaton. Idojaras 67 no.5:290-297
S-O '63.

ANTAL, Emanuel

Determining the evaporation of Lake Balaton by the energy balance method. Orsz meteor int bez tud kut 26:256-262 '62(publ.'63).

KOPPANY, Gy.; HILLE, Alfred; KAKAS, Jozsef; FUTO, Jozsef; KERI,
Menyhert; PECZELY, Gyorgy; KOZMA, Bela; SZAPPANOS, Andras;
AMBROZY, Pal; GOTZ, Gustav; PAPP, Laszlo; BELL, Bela;
MARTOS, Andras; BACSO, Nandor; HAJOSY, Ferenc; CSAPODY,
Istvan; NAGY, Laszlo, igazgato foorvos; DONASZY, Erno;
BORONKAI, Pal; ANTAL, Emanuel; TANCZER, Tibor; OZORAI,
Zoltan

The 10th itinerant meeting of the Hungarian Meteorological
Society in Sopron. Idojaras 68 no.4:249-250 Jl-Ag '64.

1. President, Hungarian Meteorological Society (for Hille).
2. Editor, "Idojaras" (for Kakas). 3. Editorial Board
Member, "Idojaras", Budapest (for Ambrozy, Bell, Keri,
Ozorai).

L 31374-65 FCG

ACC NR: AP6021126

SOURCE CODE: HU/0033/65/069/04-/0248/0257

AUTHOR: Antal, Emamol

16

E

ORG: none

TITLE: Irrigation and meteorology ✓

SOURCE: Idojaras, v. 69, no. 4-5, 1965, 246-257

TOPIC TAGS: rain, atmospheric, evaporation, climatology, agronomy, hydrometeorology, atmospheric precipitation, hydraulic engineering

ABSTRACT: A review was made on the meteorological problems pertaining to irrigation. The following subjects were covered: requirements for irrigating water, atmospheric water shortage, optimum irrigation times, microclimate above vegetation, evaporation losses, and rainfall. The problems requiring additional investigations were discussed with especial emphasis. Various scientific disciplines, such as climatology, agrometeorology, hydrometeorology, are involved. The solution of the outstanding problems would contribute to the development of more scientific irrigation methods.

[JPRS]

SUB CCODE: 04, 02 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 017 / OTH REF: 014
SOV REF: 008

Card 1/1 CC

466 *666* *666*

The biological and biochemical causes of the fruit drop of cotton. András Garay and Ervin Anta. (Research Inst. of Cotton Growing, Szekkutas, Hungary.) *Mélyezet és Fajtázás*, 1, 363-68 (1952).—Field expts. with Bulgarian cotton, type 49, proved that the rate of fruit drop is higher on cloudy and rainy days. Cotton plants grown in a sandy soil fertilized with considerable amts. of K salt showed reduced rates of fruit drop (20% against 67% of untreated plots). Spraying 3 times a year with a 5% KNO_3 spray also reduced the extent of fruit drop from 26 to 21%. Lesions increase the rate of fruit drop. The crit. period of fruit drop seems to be the couple of days following blossoming. The content of dry substance, and of polyphenoloxidase and catalase activity in buds and capsules showed a max. at blossoming time then dropped suddenly just in the crit. period of fruit drop. The viscosity of ext. prep. from reproducing organs showed a similar max. at blossoming time then dropped suddenly. On the basis of experiences the mechanism of fruit drop is as follows. The drop is caused by exterior factors which act as stimuli. Reproductive organs are most susceptible to these stimuli after blossoming time when enzyme activity is reduced. This confirms the hypothesis of Maksimov who pointed out that lack of nutrients affects fruit drop by reducing enzyme activity.

(1)

ANTAL, Etelka, dr.

Significance of x-ray examinations in spinal deformities.
Nepogosssegugy 37 no. B:212-214 Aug 56.

1. Kozlemeny a Fovarosi Iskolaegesssegugyi Szolgatalat (vezeto:
Karossa-Pfeiffer, Jozsef, dr. igazgato-foorvos) KosPonti
Iskolazzakorvosi Rendelo Intezetebol (vezeto: Antal, Etelka, dr.
foorvos).

(SPINE, abnorm.
x-ray diag. in school child. (Hun))

ANTAL, Ferenc

The Buda-type tie tamper of the Hungarian State Railways.
Vasut 12 no.1:21 30 Ja '62.

MOLNÁR H. and GYÖRGY D. "Világossejtű vesekák által okozott vaginal metastasis of clear-cell renal cancer ORV. BUTIK. 1995/24 (665-666) Illus. 2
In a 67-year-old woman, after nephrectomy a fibroma of the vagina was found, which proved to be a metastasis of the renal cancer. Molnár - Budapest.

EXCERPTA MEDICA SEC 5 Vol 12/6 Gen. Path. June 59

1616. DERMATOMYOSITIS AND SCLERODERMATOMYOSITIS ASSOCIATED WITH CANCER - Dermatomyositis és sklerodermatomyositis különös tekintettel a daganatos syntropiára - Antal H., Klára T., and I. a. Józ. II. Orvostud. Egyet. Körbonctánl Infései.. Börklin, Körle., Debrecen - MAG. ONKOL. 1958, 2/2 (88-03) Tablen 4

In 2 patients suffering from cancer of the stomach, dermatomyositis, and sclerodermatomyoaitis, respectively, developed. These cases favour the assumption that dermatomyoaitis and sclerodermatomyositis may be induced by a tumour or its decomposition products. Dermatomyositis may turn from a scleroderma-like stage to sclerodermatomyositis.

(V. 6. 13. 16)

E' CERPTA MEDICA Sec 16 Vol 7/5 Cancer May 59

1923. Dermatomyositis and sclerodermatomyositis associated with cancer Dermatomyositis és sklerodermatomyositis különösen tekintettel a daganatos syntropiára. ANTAL H., KLARA T. and Lajos H. Orvostud. Egyet. Körbonctani Intézet, Borklin. Debrecen Mag. Orv. Sz. 1958. 11. 2. 88-93; Tables 4

In 2 patients suffering from cancer of the stomach, dermatomyositis and sclerodermatomyositis, respectively, developed. These cases favour the assumption that dermatomyositis and sclerodermatomyositis may be induced by a tumour or its decomposition products. Dermatomyositis may turn from a scleroderma-like stage to sclerodermatomyositis.

ANTAL, I.

For simpler wage accounting! p. 3, TOBBTERMELES, (Uzem Tervgazdasagi es Szervezesi Tudomanyos Egyesulet) Budapest, Vol. 9, No. 6, June 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EAL) Library of Congress,
Vol. 4, No. 12, December 1955

ANTAL, I., kand. sel'khoz. nauk

[Results of experiments made in carbonate-rich sandy soils in Hungary; report at the conference on methods and research in the increase of the fertility and productivity of light soils] Iz rezul'tatov opytov, provedennykh na karbonatnykh pescharykh pochvakh Vengrii; doklad na nauchno-metodicheskom soveshchanii po povysheniu plodorodiia i proizvoditel'nosti legkikh pochv. Minsk, Akad. sel'khoz.nauk BSSR, 1959. 9 p.

(MIRA 17:4)

Psychiatry

HUNGARY

SAMU, Istvan, Dr., SARKADI, Adam, Dr., BERTHOLD, Eva, Dr., ANTAL, Ilona, Dr.;
City Council of Balassagyarmat, Hospital, Neurological and Psychiatric ward
for Male Patients (chief physician: SAMU, Istvan, Dr) (Balassagyarmati Varosi
Tanacs Korhaza, Ferfi Ideg es Psychiatriai Osztaly).

"Nearly Ten Thousand Successive Electroshock Treatments Under Relaxant
Protection."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 108, No 7, 12 Feb 67, pages 293-295.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The experiences with 9787 successive
electroshock treatments administered to 253 patients and performed under
succinylcholine chloride relaxation and with mechanical respiration using
oxygen, are reported. It is concluded that, in such a manner, electroshock
can be administered almost free of complications even while the patients are
under neuroleptic and reserpine therapy and that extremely good and rapid
therapeutic effects are achieved by it. 3 Hungarian, 32 Western references.

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ANTAL, Istvan; DUBECZ, Sandor, dr.; KAROLYI, M.

On the problem of artificial limb supply. Orv. hetil. 105
no. 32:1531-1532 9 Ag '64.

ANTAL, Istvan; SCHEIDL, Antal; STEINBACH, Sandor

Hungarian-Russian electroacoustical nomenclature. Kep
hang 10 no. 1:25-28 F '64.

1. Magyar Radio Muzsaki Fejlesztesi Osztaly.

ANNA, Latvian

An account of the 26th Congress of the Party Unity and the visit
to the Soviet Radio. Kop hong 10 no.3326-127 - M. 194.

1. Report on Radio, Report.

ANALYST: J.

Technical research on hemp dressers, p. 253, MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA
(Textilipari Műszaki és Tudományos Egyesület) Budapest, No. 7,
July 1956

SOURCE: EEAL, Vol 5, No. 11, November 1956

ANTAL, J.

Experiments of deep manuring and deep manuring with green manure in the area
between the Danube and the Tisza Rivers. p. 391
(Magyar Mezognedasag. Vol. 9, no. 4, 1956, Hungary)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 6, June 1957. Uncl.

ANTAL, Jakobovits, dr.

Extrapuerperal lactation; Chiari-Frommel syndrome. Orv. hetil. 98 no.17:
b38-441 28 Apr 1957.

1. A Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Szulezettsi es Nogyogyasszati Klin-
ikaijanak (igazgato: Batifalvy Janos sr. egyetemi tanar) koslemensye.
(LACTATION DISORDERS)

Chiari-Frommel synd. (Hun))
(AMENORRHOEA

same
(PITUITARY GLAND, dis.
same

ANTAL, J.; KONIG, A.

"Simple design of ferromagnetic series resonance circuits. In English."

p. 89 (Periodica Polytechnica. Electrical Engineering.) Vol. 1, no. 1, 1957
Budapest, Hungary

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 4,
April 1958

Combined vacuum meter for laboratory use
and A. Kaptla (Univ. Tech. Sci., Budapest) on 4/13/1961
for the measurement of pressure in a vacuum
chamber. Measurements
can be made
in the range of 10⁻² to 10⁻⁶ mm Hg.
A direct reading
is given in pascals.

GLAH, Imre; ALMOSI, Janos; GAIOS, Gizella

Changes in systemic and retinal hypertension in hypertensive patients influenced by hypotensive agents. Kiseri. Orvostud. 16 no.4:439-443 Ag '64.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Neurologiai Klinika ja es Robert Karoly krt.-1 korhaz I Belgyogyaszati Osztalya.

ANTAL, József, dr.

**Emil Pelletar, founder of hungarian forensic chemistry, 1834-
1917. Gyogyászeressz 10 no.6;101-105 1 June 55.**

**(BIOGRAPHIES,
Pelletar, Emil,)**

Hungary/Diseases of Farm Animals. Non-Contagious Diseases. R-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Biol., No 18, 1958, 83557

Author : Antal, Jozsef

Institute : No institute is given

Title : B₁-Hypovitaminosis in Horses

Orig Pub : Magyar allatorv. Iepja, 1957, 12, No 5, 190-191

Abstract : The disease which was studied by the author in 4 horses, is characterized by loss of appetite, bradycardia, and disturbances of motile coordination. In 6 of the cases it was caused by B vitamin deficiency of fodder contained 5-20 percent of horsetail (Equisetum) which decomposes this vitamin. The diseased horses recovered after they were given intramuscular injections of aneurin (vitamin B₁) and additional feedings containing yeast.--From the author's summary.

Card 1/1

ANTAL, Jozsefne, Dr.

New products of the telecommunication technique. Musz.let. 15 no.3:
5 P '60. (EXAI 9:4)
(Hungary--Telecommunication)

ANTAL, J.; KURILCUK, V.

Convenient method of registration of salivary reflexes. Cesk. fysiol.
6 no.1:99-103 '57.

1. Fyziologicky ustav Lekarskej fakulty UK, Bratislava.
(SALIVATION,
registration technic (Cs))

ANTAL, J.; HAJEK, J.; SEDIAK, P.

Reflex modifications on respiratory metabolism in children. Cesk. fysiol.
7 no.3:178-179 May 58.

1. Fyziologicky ustav Lekarskej fakulty Komenskeho university v Bratislave.
(RESPIRATION, physiol.
reflex changes of resp. metab. in child. (Cs))

ANTAL, J.

Formation of conditioned reflexes during locomotor activities. Cesk.
fysiol. 7 no.5:427 Sept 58.

1. Fyziolicky ustav LFUK, Bratislava.

(REFLEX, CONDITIONED,

forms during movements (Cs))

(MOVEMENTS, physiol.

form. of conditioned reflexes during locomotor activities
(Cs))

ANTAL, J.

"William Harvey, the founder of physiology."

p. 82 (Biologita, Vol. 13, no. 2, 1958, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEA) IV, Vol. 1, no. 2,
September 1958

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/05/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000101710016-4"

GUCCLOVA, I.; VRTIS, J.; ANTAL, J.

Effect of muscular work on blood coagulation changes in the dog.
Activ. nerv. sup. 4 no.2:174-175 '62.

1. Fyziologický ústav Lekarskej fakulty University Komenskeho v
Bratislave.

(EXERTION physiol) (BLOOD COAGULATION physiol)

KIRILCUKOVA, V.; ANTAL, J.

Effect of noise on conditioned reflex activity in the rat. Activ. n
nerv. sup. 4 no.2:183 '62.

1. Oblastny ustav hygieny, Fysiologicky ustav lekarskej fakulty Uni-
verzity Komenskeho, Bratislava.

(NOISE) (REFLEX CONDITIONED)

ANTAL, J.

Conditioned reflex preparation of the organism for muscular work.
Activ. nerv. sup. 4 no.3/4:264-293 '62.

1. Institute of Physiology of the Medical Faculty Komensky University
and Institute of Experimental Medicine of the Slovak Academy of Sciences,
Bratislava.

(REFLEX CONDITIONED) (EXERTION) (MUSCLES)
(CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM) (RESPIRATORY SYSTEM)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ANTAL, J.; Department of Physiology of the Medical Faculty of Comenius University (Katedra fyziologie lekarskej fakulty Univerzity Komenskeho,) Bratislava.

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Fysiologie, Vol 12, No 4, July 1963; pp 288-290.

Abstract: Physiology is now taught 250 hours whereof 120 are lectures; all in 3rd and 4 th semester; main difficulty is overcrowding of up to 500 students into facilities and with staff optimal for 100, maximally adaptable for 250. Author recommends blocking off subjects (crowd all physiology into 3rd month, eliminating competition for attention and motivation by anatomy and biochem. exams,) and standardization of laboratory work o n nationwide basis.

"Instruction in Physiology in Medical Faculties [in Czechoslovakia.]"

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35

ANTAL, J.

Effect of locomotion and the group factor on conditioned reflex activity. Bratisl. lek. listy 43 Pt. 2 no.7:378-388 '63.

1. CSAV - Ustav experimentalnej mediciny SAV v Bratislave, riaditeľ člen koresp. SAV J. Antal, Dr. Sc., Fyziologicky ustav Lek. fak. Univ. Komenskeho v Bratislave, vedúci člen koresp. SAV J. Antal, Dr. Sc.

(REFLEX, CONDITIONED) (LOCOMOTION)
(MUSCLES) (GROUP PROCESSES)

ANTAL, J.; KEMENY, A.

The rate of elaboration of alimentary and defensive reflexes
in group conditioning. Physiol. Bohemoslov. 13 no.2:110-116
'64.

1. Institute of Experimental Medicine, Slovak Academy of
Sciences, Bratislava.

*

ANTAL, J.

"Analysis and computation of electric and magnetic field problems" by K.J.Binns, P.J.Lawrenson. Reviewed by J.Antal.
Acta phys Hung 18 no.1:84-85 '64.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ANTAL, J.; Department of Physiology, Medical College, Comenius University
(Fysiologicky ustav LFUK), Bratislava.

"Blood Pressure and Cardiac Frequency Changes During Feeding in Carnivores
and Herbivores."

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Fisiologie, Vol 14, No 5, Oct 1965; p 337.

Abstract: In intact dogs and cats, a very pronounced elevation of blood pressure and acceleration of pulse was found to accompany the process of feeding. The changes were much higher than those seen in dogs during exercise on a training wheel; and when feed was introduced through esophageal cannula, the blood pressure increase did not occur. In rabbits, sheep and goats there was a much smaller increase in blood pressure and cardiac frequency during feeding. The changes are attributed to phylogenetic heritage. Paper presented at the 15th Physiology Days, Olomouc, 28 May 65.

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- 50 -

KOVACH, A.G.; TAKACS, L.; KISS, S.; ANTAL, J.

Glycogen decomposition in muscle in the normal state and in shock.
Acta physiol. hung. 4 Suppl:28-29 1953. (CLML 25:1)

1. Of the Institute of Physiology of Budapest University.

ANTAL, J.

Professor Frantisek Simer as a teacher. Bratisl. lek. listy 34
no.10-11:1318-1320 Oct-Nov 54.

(EDUCATION, MEDICAL
in Czech., work of Frantisek Simer)
(BIOGRAPHIES
Simer, Frantisek)

KOVACH, Arisztid; TAKACS, Lajos; KISS, Sandor; ANTAL, Janos

Carbohydrate metabolism in shock; V. Muscular degradation of glycogen in shock. Kiserleres orvostud. 8 no.2:205-214 March 56.

1. Budapesti Orvost. Egyetem Elattani Intezete.

(SHOCK, exper.

eff. on glycogen degradation in musc. of rats in vitro. (Hun))

(GLYCOGEN, metab.

muscle, eff. of exper. shock on degradation in rats in vitro. (Hun))

(MUSCLES, metab.

glycogen, eff. of exper. shock on degradation in rats in vitro. (Hun))

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/05/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000101710016-4"

ANTAL, Janos; DOBY, Tibor; KOVACH, Arisztid

Effects of hypotension and shock on arteriovenous anastomoses of
the extremities in dogs. Magy. Tudom. Akad. Biol. Orv. Oszt. Kosl.
8 no.1-2:73-76 1957.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Elettani Intezete es NAV
Korhaz.

(BLOOD VESSELS, surg.

exper. anastomosis, arteriovenous, eff. of exper.
hypotension & ischemic shock in extremities of dogs (Hun))

(HYPOTENSION, exper.

eff. on arteriovenous anastomoses in extremities of dogs
(Hun))

(SHOCK, exper.

eff. of ischemic shock on arteriovenous anastomoses in
extremities of dogs (Hun))

ANTAL, J.

KOVACH, A.G.B.; ANTAL, J.; DOBY, T.

Haemodynamic regulation of the arterio-venous anastomoses of the limbs
in the dog. Acta physiol. hung. 14 no.2:141-147 1958.

1. Institute of Physiology, Medical University, Budapest.

(BLOOD VESSELS, physiol.

arteriovenous anastomoses, funct. demonstration & hemodynamic
regulation in hind limbs of dogs)

KOVACH, A.G.B.; RONCSIM, P.S.; IRANYI, M.; KISS, S.; ANTAL, J.

Effect of the isolated perfusion of the head on the development of ischemic and hemorrhagic shock. Acta physiol. hung. 14 no.3:231-238 1958.

1. Institute of Physiology, Medical University, Budapest
(SHOCK, exper.)

eff. of isolated perfusion of head with normal blood on
develop. of ischemic & hemorrhagic shock in dogs)

KOVAGH, Arisztid, G.B.; ROHEIM, Pal, S.; IRANYI, Magdolna; KISS, Sandor;
ANTAL, Janos

Effect of isolated perfusion of the head on the development of
ischemic and hemorrhagic shock. Kiserletes Orvostudomany 11 no.1:
76-82 Feb 59.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Elettani Intezete.

(SHOCK, exper.

eff. of isolated perfusion of head by cross-circ. between
donor & acceptor dog on develop. of ischemic & hemorrhagic
shock (Hun))

(HEAD, blood supply
same)

KISS, S.; KOVACH, A.G.B.; IRANYI, M.; ANTAL, J.; DODA, M.; MONOS, E.

Effect of hypothalamic lesion on phosphatide metabolism in the liver. Acta physiol. hung. 15 no.4:303-312 1959

1. Institute of Physiology, Medical University, Budapest.
(PHOSPHOLIPIDS, metabolism)
(LIVER, metabolism)
(HYPOTHALAMUS, physiology)

ANTAL, JANOS, dr.

Change of the eosinophil count under the influence of a new
iminodibenzyl derivative. Ideg. szemle 13 no.10:301-305 O '60.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Neurologiai klinikaja (Igazgató:
Horányi Béla dr. egyetemi tanár) kövleménye.

(PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY)

(EOSINOPHILS pharmacol)

ANTAL, Janos

"Electron-physics of semiconductors. Theory of transistors"
by W. Schokley. Reviewed by Janos Antal. Elektrotehnika
52 no.7:334 '59.

ALMASSY, Gyula, dr. (Budapest, IX., Ken u.5); ZADOR, Gyorgy, dr. (Budapest, IX., Ken u.5); ANTAL, Janos (Budapest, IX., Ken u.5); KOTGIS, Endre (Budapest, IX., Ken u.5); BAROSS-PAPP, Livia (Budapest, IX., Ken u.5)

Catalytic processing of calcium and magnesium-bearing insoluble substances by ion exchangers. Acta chimica Hung 32 no.2:255-269 '62.

1. Forschungslaboratorium der Budapester Schwefelsaurefabrik.

HUNGARY

HAGYMI, Tivadar, Jr., PAVEL, János, Dr.; ~~KOMORNÍK~~, János, Dr; Medical University of Budapest, Neurological Clinic (Budapesti Orvostudományi Egyetem, Neurologiai Klinika) (Director: HOMANN, Béla, Dr, professor).

"Extracranial Electrostimulation I. The Effect of Electrostimulation on the EEG."

Budapest, Magyarországi Szemle, Vol XIV, No 10, Oct 1963, parts 23-296.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary modified] Square wave current impulse has been applied through electrodes on the skin locally and bitemporally, by the authors. Local impulses were also given with bipolar electrodes. The frequency was varied between 2-10,000/sec., duration between 0.05-100 msec. The voltage used was in general 30 V. The impulses lasted 30 and 60 sec. The EEG was taken immediately after the impulses were suspended. The test was carried out on 18 patients. Patients with tumors showed an intensification of the slow activity and signs of focal stimulation. In cases of temporal epilepsy, the intensification of focal symptoms; in post-traumatic patients, the activation of the slow focus was evidenced. Bitemporal impulses resulted in centrencephalic paroxysms in patients with centrencephalic epilepsy; in patients with temporal epilepsy, the activation of slow local signs and signs of excitation were the result. In the opinion of the authors, the local impulse is suitable mainly for the stimulation of cortical and neighbouring structures while bitemporal electrostimulation affects the mesodiencephalon. All western references.

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ANTAL, J.

Group conditioning (alimentary and avoidance responses).
Activ.nerv.sup. 6 no.1:35 '64

*

ANTAL, Janos, dr.; HASZKOS, Tovadar, dr.; FENYO, Egon, dr.

Extracranial electric stimulation. II. Effect of electric stimulation on the number of circulating eosinophils. Ideggyogy szemle 17 no.6:179-187 Je'64.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Neurologiai Klinika-janak (Igazgato: Horanyi, Bela, dr., egyetemi tanar)kozlemenyo.

S/081/62/000/017/055/102
B158/B186

AUTHORS: Zádor, György, Schwartz, Sándor, Antal, János,
Suller, Lászlóne

TITLE: Continuous production of boric acid from boron-containing ore
rich in magnesium, for instance ascharite

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 17, 1962, 360, abstract
17K54 (Hungarian patent 148174, May 15, 1961)

TEXT: A mixture obtained after treatment of boron-containing ore, rich in Mg (> 5%), with hot sulfuric acid, filtering off the gypsum and crystallizing the boric acid, is passed through an ion exchange column in which the Mg ions are bound. The downflow, containing free H₂SO₄, may be used to process new batches of ore, while the Mg ions bound in the column are washed off with HCl or H₂SO₄ sufficient for the solution concentration to be > 20%. Then the column is washed with water and regenerated. The wash waters are returned to the cycle, while the solutions of MgCl₂ or MgSO₄ are used to slake magnesium oxychloride cements. [Abstracter's note:
Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

ALMASSY, Gyula; ZADOR, Gyorgy; ANTAL, Janos; BAROSSNE PAPP, Livia

Catalytic exploration of rocks by means of cation-exchanging resins; technical application of catalytic exploration.
Magy kem lap 19 no.5:256-261 My '64.

1. Budapest Chemical Works.

ANTAL, Janosne; OZORAI, Istvan

Role of food industry in facilitating household work. Eleim ipar
19 no.4:121-125 Ap '65.

1. Ministry of Food, Budapest.

ANTAL, Josef

Contributions to the problem of organic manuring of sandy soils in Hungary. Zess probl post roln no.50a:163-174 '64.

1. South Hungarian Agricultural Experiment Institute, Szeged.

ANTAL, Jozsef (Miskolc)

118 production plans. Magy vasut 8 no.716 3 Ap '64.

ANTAL, Jozsef

Production organization in geodesy. Good kart 17 no.2:110-
115 '65.